Contents	Voting for the president, USA	
<u>Metadata</u>	Information about this file	
NewYork	Presidential elections, New York, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)	
Massachusetts	Presidential elections, Massachusetts, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)	
California	Presidential elections, California, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)	
Florida	Presidential elections, Florida, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)	
Wyoming	Presidential elections, Wyoming, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)	

http://www.dannydorling.org/

Metadata

These reference tables contain statistics of voting results in several presidential elections in several states in the USA. Here we compare the proportion in that state voting Democratic Party to that of national average. The graph besides each table shows the advantage of Democratic Party in that year in that state, and the absolute change over time. The xaxis is the absolute change while the y-axis is the advantage measured by percentage points. Each circle represents a certain election.

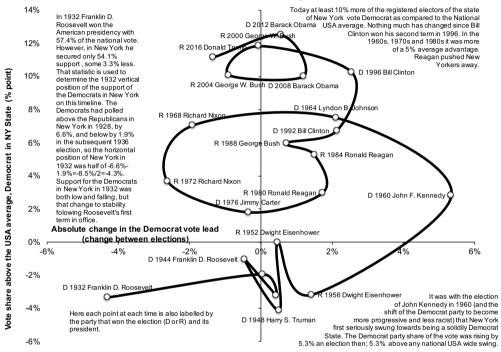
The more advanced the state, the more likely it shows an advantage in voting Democratic Party in the most recent elections

Presidential elections, New York, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)

Source: Personal Communication: Zachary D. Markovich. Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) - Department of Political Science, Dean Lacy, Dartmouth College; "Why is New Hampshire More Competitive than Pennsylvania? Historical Electoral Competitiveness and Swing State Selection", MIT Political Science Department Research Paper No. 2018-10, 30 Pages Posted: 25 Apr 2018, https://papers.stm.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=3168687 Frequency: Election year, End of period

Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Democratic advantage (% p Label	
1924		0.31%	R 1924 Calvin Coolidge
1928	-1.83%	6.64%	R 1928 Herbert Hoover
1932	-4.30%	-3.35%	D 1932 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1936	0.06%	-1.95%	D 1936 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1940	0.44%	-3.22%	D 1940 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1944	-0.45%	-1.08%	D 1944 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1948	0.52%	-4.13%	D 1948 Harry S. Truman
1952	0.47%	-0.04%	R 1952 Dwight Eisenhower
1956	1.43%	-3.19%	R 1956 Dwight Eisenhower
1960	5.35%	2.81%	D 1960 John F. Kennedy
1964	2.11%	7.51%	D 1964 Lyndon B. Johnson
1968	-1.91%	7.04%	R 1968 Richard Nixon
1972	-2.62%	3.68%	R 1972 Richard Nixon
1976	-0.35%	1.80%	D 1976 Jimmy Carter
1980	1.74%	2.98%	R 1980 Ronald Reagan
1984	1.50%	5.27%	R 1984 Ronald Reagan
1988	0.73%	5.97%	R 1988 George Bush
1992	2.13%	6.72%	D 1992 Bill Clinton
1996	2.56%	10.24%	D 1996 Bill Clinton
2000	-0.07%	11.84%	R 2000 George W. Bush
2004	-0.91%	10.10%	R 2004 George W. Bush
2008	1.20%	10.02%	D 2008 Barack Obama
2012	0.57%	12.49%	D 2012 Barack Obama
2016	-1.34%	11.16%	R 2016 Donald Trump

Presidential elections, New York, Democrat advantage 1932-2016



Presidential elections, Massachusetts, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)

Source: Personal Communication: Zachary D. Markovich. Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) - Department of Political Science, Dean Lacy, Dartmouth College; "Why is New Hampshire More Competitive than Pennsylvania? Historical Electoral Competitiveness and Swing State Selection", MIT Political Science Department Research Paper No. 2018-10, 30 Pages Posted: 25 Apr 2018, https://papers.ssm.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=3168687 Frequency: Election year, End of period

%)

Massachusetts State

.<u>=</u>

e, Democrat i point)

share above the USA average,

Vote -15%

5%

0%

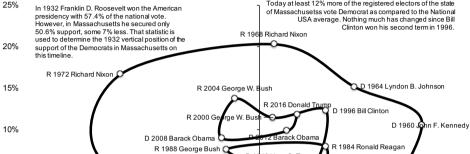
-5%

-10%

-12%

25%

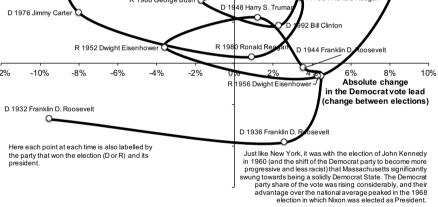
Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Democratic advantage (% p Label	
1924		-3.96%	R 1924 Calvin Coolidge
1928	-1.41%	9.44%	R 1928 Herbert Hoover
1932	-9.51%	-6.78%	D 1932 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1936	2.58%	-9.58%	D 1936 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1940	4.50%	-1.61%	
1944	3.57%	-0.59%	D 1944 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1948	1.23%	5.53%	D 1948 Harry S. Truman
1952	-3.56%	1.87%	R 1952 Dwight Eisenhower
1956	4.32%	-1.60%	R 1956 Dwight Eisenhower
1960	8.37%	10.50%	D 1960 John F. Kennedy
1964	4.89%	15.14%	D 1964 Lyndon B. Johnson
1968	0.77%	20.29%	R 1968 Richard Nixon
1972	-7.13%	16.67%	R 1972 Richard Nixon
1976	-7.97%	6.04%	D 1976 Jimmy Carter
1980	0.92%	0.74%	R 1980 Ronald Reagan
1984	3.42%	7.87%	R 1984 Ronald Reagan
1988	-1.67%	7.58%	R 1988 George Bush
1992	2.33%	4.53%	D 1992 Bill Clinton
1996	3.44%	12.24%	D 1996 Bill Clinton
2000	0.72%	11.42%	R 2000 George W. Bush
2004	-1.24%	13.68%	R 2004 George W. Bush
2008	-1.93%	8.94%	D 2008 Barack Obama
2012	1.42%	9.81%	D 2012 Barack Obama
2016	1.97%	11.78%	R 2016 Donald Trump



Today at least 12% more of the registered electors of the state

of Massachusetss vote Democrat as compared to the National

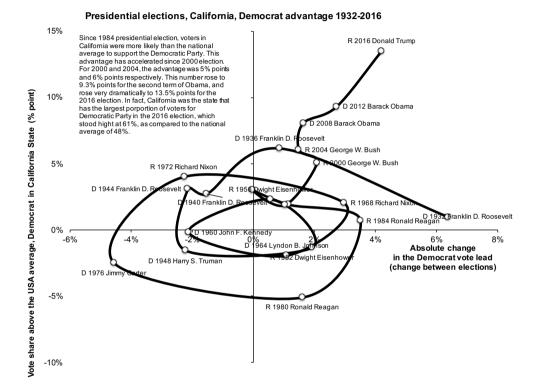
Presidential elections, Massachusetts, Democrat advantage 1932-2016



Presidential elections, California, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)

Source: Personal Communication: Zachary D. Markovich. Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) - Department of Political Science, Dean Lacy, Dartmouth College; "Why is New Hampshire More Competitive than Pennsylvania? Historical Electoral Competitiveness and Swing State Selection", MIT Political Science Department Research Paper No. 2018-10, 30 Pages Posted: 25 Apr 2018, https://papers.ctm?abstract_id=3168687 Frequency: Election vear. End of period

Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Democratic advantage (% p Label	
1924		-20.59%	R 1924 Calvin Coolidge
1928	10.78%	-6.61%	R 1928 Herbert Hoover
1932	6.38%	0.97%	D 1932 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1936	0.87%	6.15%	D 1936 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1940	-1.53%	2.72%	D 1940 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1944	-2.14%	3.09%	D 1944 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1948	-2.21%	-1.56%	D 1948 Harry S. Truman
1952	1.93%	-1.32%	R 1952 Dwight Eisenhower
1956	0.58%	2.30%	R 1956 Dwight Eisenhower
1960	-2.12%	-0.17%	D 1960 John F. Kennedy
1964	1.09%	-1.94%	D 1964 Lyndon B. Johnson
1968	2.98%	2.02%	R 1968 Richard Nixon
1972	-2.26%	4.01%	R 1972 Richard Nixon
1976	-4.56%	-2.50%	D 1976 Jimmy Carter
1980	1.61%	-5.10%	R 1980 Ronald Reagan
1984	3.51%	0.71%	R 1984 Ronald Reagan
1988	1.15%	1.91%	
1992	-0.02%	3.00%	
1996	1.03%	1.87%	
2000	2.09%	5.07%	R 2000 George W. Bush
2004	1.49%	6.04%	R 2004 George W. Bush
2008	1.63%	8.06%	D 2008 Barack Obama
2012	2.72%	9.30%	D 2012 Barack Obama
2016	4.20%	13.50%	R 2016 Donald Trump



Presidential elections, Florida, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)

Source: Personal Communication: Zachary D. Markovich. Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) - Department of Political Science, Dean Lacy, Dartmouth College; "Why is New Hampshire More Competitive than Pennsylvania? Historical Electoral Competitiveness and Swing State Selection", MIT Political Science Department Research Paper No. 2018-10, 30 Pages Posted: 25 Apr 2018, https://papers.cfm?abstract_id=3168687 Frequency: Election vear. End of period

25%

Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Democratic advantage (% p Label	
1924		28.06%	R 1924 Calvin Coolidge
1928	-5.40%	-0.68%	R 1928 Herbert Hoover
1932	7.98%	17.26%	D 1932 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1936	1.01%	15.28%	D 1936 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1940	0.83%	19.29%	D 1940 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1944	-9.80%	16.93%	D 1944 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1948	-7.78%	-0.31%	D 1948 Harry S. Truman
1952	0.54%	1.38%	
1956	-1.30%	0.76%	
1960	-5.33%	-1.23%	
1964	-5.28%	-9.90%	D 1964 Lyndon B. Johnson
1968	0.09%	-11.79%	R 1968 Richard Nixon
1972	6.82%	-9.73%	R 1972 Richard Nixon
1976	3.61%	1.86%	D 1976 Jimmy Carter
1980	-3.88%	-2.51%	R 1980 Ronald Reagan
1984	-2.31%	-5.90%	R 1984 Ronald Reagan
1988	0.95%	-7.14%	R 1988 George Bush
1992	2.96%	-4.01%	D 1992 Bill Clinton
1996	2.23%	-1.21%	D 1996 Bill Clinton
2000	0.02%	0.46%	
2004	-1.21%	-1.17%	
2008	0.11%	-1.95%	
2012	0.78%	-0.96%	
2016	0.56%	-0.40%	R 2016 Donald Trump

D 1940 Franklin D. Roosevelt 20% D 1932 Franklin D. Roosevelt (% point) D 1944 Franklin D. Roosevelt \sim 15% D 1936 Franklin D. Roosevelt Democrat in Florida State Since the new century, the voting patterns in Florida are very similar to those nationally. The absolute The election patterns in Florida strongly favoured the Democrats from 1932 to 1944, but mirrored those nationally from 1948 to 10% gap between Florida and national 1960. Then many more people in Florida voted for Republican Party than the national average in voting Democratic Party remained below 2 percent average in the following three elections and has tended towards the Republicans ever points. 5% since D 1976 Jimmy Carter Absolute change in the Democrat vote lead 0% Change between elections) D 1948 Harry S. Trumar -15% -10% ald Trump share above the USA average, 9 996 Bill Clintors 0% 10% R 1980 Ronald Rea ían After a very slight advantage over the national D 1992 Bill Cli -5% average in voting Democratic Party R 1984 Ronald Rea 1988 George Bush in 1976 election, Florida turned again to a more R 1972 Richard Nixon D 1964 Lyndon B. Johnson -10% Republican State through Reagan. Bush and Clinton Here each point at each time is also labelled by R 1968 Richard Nixon regimes. the party that won the election (D or R) and its Vote president. -15%

Presidential elections, Florida, Democrat advantage 1932-2016

Presidential elections, Wyoming, Democratic advantages, 1932-2016 (% point)

Source: Personal Communication: Zachary D. Markovich. Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) - Department of Political Science, Dean Lacy, Dartmouth College; "Why is New Hampshire More Competitive than Pennsylvania? Historical Electoral Competitiveness and Swing State Selection", MIT Political Science Department Research Paper No. 2018-10, 30 Pages Posted: 25 Apr 2018, https://papers.ssm.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=3168687 Frequency: Election year, End of period

Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Democratic advantage (% p Label	
1924		-12.71%	R 1924 Calvin Coolidge
1928	5.68%	-5.43%	R 1928 Herbert Hoover
1932	2.60%	-1.35%	D 1932 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1936	-0.28%	-0.22%	D 1936 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1940	-2.20%	-1.90%	D 1940 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1944	2.20%	-4.62%	D 1944 Franklin D. Roosevelt
1948	-0.94%	2.49%	D 1948 Harry S. Truman
1952	-2.27%	-6.50%	R 1952 Dwight Eisenhower
1956	0.89%	-2.05%	R 1956 Dwight Eisenhower
1960	-1.22%	-4.73%	D 1960 John F. Kennedy
1964	-1.24%	-4.49%	
1968	-1.28%	-7.21%	R 1968 Richard Nixon
1972	-1.53%	-7.06%	R 1972 Richard Nixon
1976	-2.99%	-10.26%	D 1976 Jimmy Carter
1980	-1.03%	-13.04%	R 1980 Ronald Reagan
1984	2.70%	-12.32%	R 1984 Ronald Reagan
1988	1.64%	-7.64%	R 1988 George Bush
1992	-2.38%	-9.04%	D 1992 Bill Clinton
1996	-5.82%	-12.39%	D 1996 Bill Clinton
2000	-3.40%	-20.68%	R 2000 George W. Bush
2004	0.18%	-19.19%	R 2004 George W. Bush
2008	-1.92%	-20.32%	D 2008 Barack Obama
2012	-3.01%	-23.04%	D 2012 Barack Obama
2016	-3.31%	-26.34%	R 2016 Donald Trump

Presidential elections, Wyoming, Democrat advantage 1932-2016

